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Questions

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1. Works without copyright notices (for example, "© Copyright 2007 *The Student Times*") are not validly copyrighted and can be freely used.

2. A work can be copyrighted without being formally registered with the U.S. Copyright Office.

3. Copyright protection for some works — once validly secured — lasts forever.

4. The school always owns the copyright to work created for school-sponsored student media by student journalists.

5. Plagiarism and copyright infringement are the same thing.

6. As long as you accurately credit or attribute a work (for example, "AP Photo/Johnny Doe") you cannot be held liable for copyright infringement.

7. As long as you use under 30 seconds of a copyright-protected song or less than 50 words of copyright-protected text, you cannot be held liable for copyright infringement.

8. In order to publish copyrighted material that does not belong to you, you must *always* obtain permission from the copyright owner.

9. Minors can be sued for copyright infringement.

10. Facts cannot be protected by a copyright.

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